

LESSON NOⁿBÁ**Stative Verbs**<S> Verb

Stative Verbs or “state of being” in English is limited to mostly “be,” or some variation like “be dead.” Stative Verbs in Kaá'ze Íe are different than English as they are numerous and many would be considered action verbs or adjectives in English. This lesson will focus on Stative Verbs and their conjugation.

Stem Type Chart Review

Stem Type	Pronoun Particles		
	I	You	We
<A>	a-	ya-	a ⁿ (g)-
	p-	shp-	a ⁿ (g)-
<D>	t-	sht-	a ⁿ (g)-
<G>	p-	shk-	a ⁿ (g)-
<G ² >	k-	shk-	a ⁿ (g)-
<H>	ph-	shp-	a ⁿ (g)-
<Y>	bl-	hn-	a ⁿ (g)-
<S>	a ⁿ -	yi-	wa-



In Lesson Míⁿxci, there were three stative verbs used in “I” form. Let’s look at their root form (the S(h)e/It form), then conjugate to the “You” form as well. *NOTE: **Doⁿhé** is considered an “adverb.”

Verb: <i>be sick</i>	SINGULAR
FIRST	A ⁿ húhega
SECOND	Yihúhega
THIRD	Húhega



Verb: <i>be hungry</i>	SINGULAR
FIRST	Nó ⁿ ma ⁿ pe
SECOND	Nó ⁿ yipe
THIRD	No ⁿ péhi



Verb: <i>be tired</i>	SINGULAR
FIRST	A ⁿ má ⁿ zheya
SECOND	Oyízheya
THIRD	Ozhéya



Let's Practice Stative <S> Verbs

Exercise 2.1

There are many Stative verbs to choose from. We will start by looking at verbs that express "emotion." Let's look at the <S> verb **gízo**, which means to "be happy, be in good spirits." Refer to your Stem Type Chart and try to conjugate the Plural Forms as well. The "We" form has been added as it's irregular. ****Try not to look in your dictionary.****

1. GÍZO

FORM	SINGULAR	FORM	PLURAL
FIRST "I"		WE	wazo a ⁿ gakhá
SECOND "You"		YOU (PLURAL)	
THIRD "S(h)e/It/Root		THEY	

Let's look at another verb that expresses "emotion." The <S> verb, **bakó**, means to "be angry."

2. BAKÓ

FORM	SINGULAR	FORM	PLURAL
FIRST "I"		WE	
SECOND "You"		YOU (PLURAL)	
THIRD "S(h)e/It/Root		THEY	

<S> Verbs Continued ...

Conjugate the <S> verb, **yáli**, which means to “be good, as a good or well-behaved person, or good food.”

3. YÁLI

FORM	SINGULAR	FORM	PLURAL
FIRST “I”		WE	
SECOND “You”		YOU (PLURAL)	
THIRD “S(h)e/It/Root		THEY	

Exercise 2.2

Translate the following conversation.

1. **Icigo:** Hágo, yíbako hnín hniⁿkhé?

2. **Ilóapa:** Mashcíⁿge dáable kónⁿbla miⁿkhe.

3. **Icigo:** Paháⁿle, ówo yíta shkághe hniⁿkhe.

4. **Ilóapa:** Oyáha, ówo wíta áⁿzo blíⁿ ta miⁿkhé.

5. **Icigo:** Shídoⁿhiⁿga yiyáli hnín hniⁿkhé.

<S> Verbs Continued ...**Exercise 2.3**

Translate to Kaá'ze Íe.

1. (You) Have a good day!

2. (You) Don't be angry.

3. My first son is very hungry.

4. I am sick.

5. Are you tired?

Conjugate the following verbs into singular and plural forms.

1. _____
2. _____

LESSON NOⁿBÁ

Kaáⁿze Wayáje Céga

KAÁⁿZE ÍE	ENGLISH TRANSLATION	PART OF SPEECH
Daáble	I Hunt	Verb
Hágo	Why	Adverb
Mashcíⁿge	Rabbit	Noun
Ówo	Chores	Verb (used as a noun)
Oyáha	After	Adverb